Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Period\_\_\_\_ Date\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Unit 4 Test Review Enlightenment, French Revolution and Napoleon B**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | Enlightenment thinker that argued that some people should agree to give up some freedoms |
|  | in exchange for peace, safety, and order he called this exchange the Social Contract |
|  | Enlightenment thinker that argued that every man has the right to life, liberty, and property. |
|  | Enlightenment thinker that believed that all men were created equal. |
|  | Enlightenment thinker that believed that governments should have a separation of powers through division into branches. |
|  | Enlightenment thinker that believed that the government should not interfere with the market economy |
|  | System where certain powers are held by the federal government. |
|  | System in which the people are governed by elected official |
|  | French Middle Class |
|  | French radical group that pushed for radical action and advocated for the formation of a republic |
|  | French radical group that represented the interests of the lower middle class and poor |
|  | Enlightenment ideas were based on |
|  | What are Enlightened Despots |
|  | Which event MOST influenced the French Revolution |
|  | What is Laissez faire economics |
|  | Montesquieu supported what? |
|  | What did Rousseau support |
|  | What did John Locke Support |
|  | The three estates in France |
|  | Why did the American colonists resent the taxes they were required to pay |
|  | The resentment of foreign rule and the desire to restore local customs is called |
|  | Time period where Robespierre had over 40,000 people executed by the Guillotine for being enemies of the revolution |
|  | British tax on all printed documents |
|  | After the French Revolution, what political figure seized power in a Coup d’etat? |
|  | The Boston Tea party was a response to what? |
|  | Jacobin revolutionary who led the Reign of Terror was |
|  | What event became of symbol of the French Revolution? |
|  | What did the National Assembly vow in the Tennis Court Oath? |
|  | The chief goals of the Congress of Vienna following the French Revolution were to |
|  |  |
|  | Economic warfare by Napoleon against Great Britain was called the |
|  | What was The Declaration of Rights of Man and the Citizen was modeled after |
|  | How did European monarchs and nobles feel about the French Revolution? |
|  | The National Assembly produced the first constitution called the |
|  | correct order of the four stages of the revolution? |
|  | Napoleon’s invasion of Russia was motivated by |
|  | What strategy did Czar Alexander use to defeat Napoleon? |
|  | This put the French Catholic Church under state control |
|  | . The Twelve-member group who had almost absolute power during the Reign of Terror |
|  | What ultimately defeated Napoleons’ army in Russia |
|  | . What did the framers of the Congress of Vienna fail to foresee? |